一、詞彙與結構: 請在以下的各題中選出最適合的答案 (每題兩分, 共 60 分)。

(  ) 1. Clouds are good ____ of the weather.
   A) pictures  B) elements  C) indicators  D) predictions

(  ) 2. Before going ahead, we need to ____ the total cost of the operation.
   A) estimate  B) imitate  C) proximate  D) actualize

(  ) 3. Tennis is a sport that ____ a lot of pleasure.
   A) demands  B) deprives  C) requires  D) provides

(  ) 4. Anybody entering an auditorium after a performance has begun is bound to ____ the act.
   A) disrupt  B) interact  C) interfere  D) intervene

(  ) 5. For new employees, special assignments are in addition to their other responsibilities, not a ____ for them.
   A) change  B) replacing  C) difference  D) substitute

(  ) 6. The developing situation in the Caribbean was not ____ in the local newspapers.
   A) revised  B) petition  C) reported  D) assembled

(  ) 7. The domestic automobile costs the same as ____ imported models.
   A) required  B) eventual  C) controlled  D) comparable

(  ) 8. Newly ____ pharmaceuticals bring relief to the ill.
   A) device  B) declined  C) developed  D) detrimental

(  ) 9. Fashion designers often ____ of people’s vanity.
   A) appeal  B) concentrate  C) sell designs  D) take advantage

(  ) 10. The company ____ its offer.
    A) withdrew  B) announce  C) repetition  D) transferred

(  ) 11. In court, the man said he could not remember the ____.
   A) incident  B) happened  C) opportune  D) incidental

(  ) 12. A crowd gathered to ____ the government’s action.
   A) detest  B) protest  C) register  D) demonstrate

(  ) 13. They held and elaborate ____ when they opened the new building.
   A) celebrity  B) celebration  C) declaration  D) participation

(  ) 14. It was a ____ that both companies applied for a patent on the same device.
   A) happening  B) similarity  C) confidence  D) coincidence

(  ) 15. The company cannot ____ the increase demanded by the union.
   A) paid  B) value  C) afford  D) approach

(  ) 16. Stress is a common ____ of headache.
   A) cause  B) effect  C) insult  D) effort
亞洲大學

99學年度第一學期大學夜間部轉學招生考試試題紙

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( ) 17. At full speed, the car _______ like an airplane.
    A) hears  B) noises  C) sounds  D) listens

( ) 18. Because of new developments, it was necessary to _______ the management team.
    A) reserve  B) require  C) reassure  D) reorganize

( ) 19. After finishing your meal, you ask the waiter for the__________.
    A) tipping  B) patron  C) check  D) register

( ) 20. The opinions expressed in this article do not necessarily _______ the reviews of the publishers.
    A) refract  B) reflect  C) distract  D) detract

( ) 21. Please call _______ for the meeting.
    A) she and I  B) the director and I  C) the director and me  D) we, me and the director

( ) 22. Economists do not agree as to exactly _______ causes recessions.
    A) what  B) which  C) whatever  D) whichever

( ) 23. If I had known about the funeral, I _______ too.
    A) would go  B) had gone  C) will have gone  D) would have gone

( ) 24. _______ business has improved, they will hire more help.
    A) So  B) Since  C) Due to  D) Even though

( ) 25. The project demands precision and accuracy as well as ________.
    A) create  B) creation  C) creatively  D) creativity

( ) 26. The developments _______ very closely by the Securities Exchange Commission.
    A) has watched  B) are watching  C) is being watched  D) are being watched

( ) 27. There was no _______ how many people would be present at the reception.
    A) tell  B) to tell  C) telling  D) have told

( ) 28. There are no lights on in the laboratory, so they _______ left early.
    A) must have  B) must be  C) will be  D) can have

( ) 29. We have a spare, but we would _______ use it unless necessary.
    A) not prefer  B) rather not  C) not sooner  D) later not

( ) 30. They should _______ to the seminar last week.
    A) had went  B) had gone  C) have gone  D) have went

二、挑錯。底下每個句子有四個劃線處 (A、B、C、D)，請將錯誤處所代表的英文字母填入答案卷。(每題兩分，共 20 分)。

( ) 31. He refused to tell us why was he crying.
    A    B   C       D

( ) 32. If it will rain in the afternoon, the flight will have to be canceled.
    A    B     C     D

※ 試題請隨卷繳回
三、閱讀測驗。請在閱讀文章後針對問題選出最適合的答案。(每題兩分，共 20 分)。

The Consumers’ Foundation said people suffering from joint pain should avoid becoming over-reliant on the dietary supplement glucosamine, which studies have shown to be ineffective in curing osteoarthritis. Supplements of glucosamine, which usually come in capsules or pills, typically claim to assuage sore joints and prevent cartilage degeneration, with some even claiming they can strengthen joints and bones. Although the amino sugar is not categorized as medicine and suppliers are therefore prohibited from advertising its supposed medicinal benefits, glucosamine products such as Move Free are very popular in Taiwan among people suffering from joint pain. Citing medical research published in the New England Journal of Medicine, the watchdog said glucosamine was not a panacea for people suffering from osteoarthritis. “Although Glucosamine has been shown to relieve pain from inflammation, it should only be taken when the person is in pain,” Sun Yat-sen Cancer Center vice president Hsieh Yen-yao said. “It does not cure osteoarthritis.” Hsieh said the study showed that a small group of participants with moderate to severe pain showed significant relief when using glucosamine, but that the dietary supplement was ineffective against minor pain or pain resulting from factors not related to inflammation. “Glucosamine has not been demonstrated to prevent or cure any disease,” he said, adding that people with severe joint pain can take glucosamine to relieve the pain, but should immediately stop taking it when the symptoms disappear. People with no joint pain should also refrain from taking the supplement and should disregard claims that it will protect the knees or make
bones stronger, he said. Other common misconceptions include claims that the supplement helps prevent osteoporosis, provides a source of calcium during menopause or enhances performance during sports or physical labor, none of which have scientific basis, the foundation said. For people suffering from osteoarthritis, Hsieh said eating broccoli and avoiding activities that strain the joints, such as heavy lifting, climbing or descending stairs, were better remedies. People who are overweight should also try to lose weight to relieve stress on the joints.

( ) 41. People use Glucosamine because they think it can _______. (choose the wrong answer)
   A) assuage sore joints
   B) prevent cartilage degeneration
   C) strengthen joints and bones
   D) have scientific basis

( ) 42. Which is a good title for the article?
   A) Glucosamine no cure-all
   B) Curing osteoarthritis
   C) Medical research
   D) The ingredients of Glucosamine

( ) 43. What is Mr. Hsieh?
   A) A watchdog.
   B) A supplier.
   C) Hsieh Yen-yao.
   D) The vice president of a cancer center.

( ) 44. You should take Glucosamine when you want to _____________.
   A) protect the knees
   B) make bones stronger
   C) relieve the severe joint pain
   D) enhance performance during sports

( ) 45. What should people suffering from osteoarthritis do?
   A) Climb stairs.
   B) Eat broccoli.
   C) Lift heavy things.
   D) Lose weight.
Children in Taiwan have an increased chance of showing language development delay if they are raised listening to broken Mandarin spoken by a foreign-born parent who has trouble with the language. Chao Wun-tsong, a speech specialist and language pathologist, said that while a bilingual environment is beneficial, strong accents and different pronunciations of the same word in a language system could cause confusion and lead to language development delay. Foreign-born mothers who have recently immigrated to Taiwan are so eager to integrate their preschool-age children into society that they often give instructions to their children in Mandarin, rather than in their own mother tongue, such as Vietnamese, said Chao, who works at Puli Christian Hospital in Nantou County. “I encourage foreign spouses to speak to their children in their mother tongue rather than in a language they are having a hard time grasping,” Chao said. Mandarin is a tonal language in which the meaning of a word is easily changed by a minor shift in tone, and children could have a problem developing a system for a word whose pronunciation is different when used by their grandparents, father and mother. He cited a case where a three-year-old girl was brought in for early intervention because she was extremely quiet and spoke only in short phrases. “The girl had no problem with her hearing or comprehension, but we found her Indonesian mother speaking to her in Mandarin with a strong accent.” Suspecting this was the cause of the girl’s development delay, Chao suggested sending her to kindergarten where she could interact more with native Mandarin speakers. “Within half a year, the child became normal,” he said.

Out of every 100 children in Taiwan, an estimated six to eight of them suffer from development delays, noting that the number of reported cases has risen recently because of the improved awareness of parents and their ability to detect the condition at an early stage. Although the causes of language development delay could be social, environmental or physical, and are often unpreventable, early intervention is believed to improve minor conditions and reduce long-term social and medical costs. The Bureau of Health Promotion has set up 35 development delay evaluation centers across the country, and parents are encouraged to seek help as soon as they see warning signs.

( ) 46. Which child will have language development delay?
   A) A child with Taiwanese parents.
   B) A child with American parents.
   C) A child with a Taiwanese father and Vietnamese mother.

( ) 47. What will be the cause of language development delay? (choose the wrong answer)
   A) Social factors.
   B) Medical factors.
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( ) 48. The does “mother tongue” mean?
   A) Native language.
   B) Vietnamese.
   C) Mandarin.
   D) Pronunciation.

( ) 49. In a group of 1500 children, how many will suffer from development delays?
   A) 100. B) 200. C) 500. D) 300.

( ) 50. Which of the following is a warning sign of language development delay?
   A) Having hearing and comprehension problems.
   B) Having strong accents.
   C) Speaking only in short phrases.
   D) Being very noisy.